FINDING THE MINIMUM VECTOR COPIES PER CELL NEEDED TO REACH PHENOTYPIC CORRECTION IN A MOUSE MODEL OF ERYTHROCYTE PYRUVATE KINASE DEFICIENCY USING A CLINICALLY APPLICABLE LENTIVIRAL VECTOR

Sergio López-Manzaneda^{1,2}, Rebeca Sanchez-Dominguez^{1,2}, Omaira Alberquilla^{1,2}, Aida Garcia-Torralba^{1,2}, Juan A. Bueren^{1,2}, Oscar Quintana-Bustamante^{1,2}, Susana Navarro^{1,2}, <u>Jose C Segovia^{1,2}</u> 1, División de Terapias Avanzadas en el Sistema Hematopoyético, Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas - Centro de Investigación Biomédica en Red de Enfermedades Raras (CIEMAT/CIBERER). Madrid.

2, Unidad Mixta de Terapias Avanzadas. Instituto de Investigación Sanitaria Fundación Jiménez Díaz (IIS-FJD). Madrid.



INTRODUC

PYRUVATE KINASE DEFICIENCY AND THERAPEUTIC LENTIVIRAL VECTOR





We have designed a successful preclinical protocol in a PKD autologous transplantation of model based on mouse hematopoietic stem cell (HSC) genetically corrected by a **Therapeutic Lentiviral Vector** (PGK-coPKLR.Wpre*-LV).



Loss in PK activity impairs the cell metabolism causing **Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKD)**, an autosomal recessive disease caused by mutations in the PKLR gene (Liver and Red Blood Cell isoforms.)

- Splenomegaly.
- Reticulocytosis.
- Fatal in some severely affected patients during early childhood.

This vector have already being designated as **Orphan Drug** by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) and Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

AIMS Define the minimal proportion of corrected cells required to achieve a therapeutic effect in PKD patients EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN 2nd Approach: Transduction of PKD hematopoietic progenitors 1st Approach: wt and PKD total bone marrow mixes PKD mouse model (AcB55) Hematopoietic progenitors PKD mouse model (AcB55) wt mice (C57BL/6) sorting Transduction with Therapeutic Vector Bone marrow extraction Hematopoietic progenitors transduction Bone marrow cells extraction from wt and PKD mice 100 60 25 MOIs (Multiplicity of infection) used % wt cells PKD hematopoietic progenitors transduced with different MOIs Wt and PKD bone marrow cells mixed in different proportions Hematopoietic progenitors transplant into conditioned Cell mix transplant into PKD mice conditioned PKD mice





Evaluation of phenotype correction VS therapeutic vector copy number



CONCLUSIONS

- PKD correction was found when total bone marrow contained at least 20% of non-deficient cells
- PKD correction by the therapeutic vector was achieved when at least 0.3 copies of the vector were detected among the total peripheral blood cell populations
- Spleen Size and weight confirmed results obtained in peripheral blood and corroborated the therapeutic properties of the developed clinical vector



Unión Europea